

# LM3444 -120VAC, 8W Isolated Flyback LED Driver

National Semiconductor  
Application Note 2082  
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## Introduction

This demonstration board highlights the performance of a LM3444 based Flyback LED driver solution that can be used to power a single LED string consisting of 4 to 8 series connected LEDs from an 90 V<sub>RMS</sub> to 135 V<sub>RMS</sub>, 60 Hz input power supply. The key performance characteristics under typical operating conditions are summarized in this application note.

This is a two-layer board using the bottom and top layer for component placement. The demonstration board can be modified to adjust the LED forward current, the number of series connected LEDs that are driven and the switching frequency. Refer to the LM3444 datasheet for detailed instructions.

A bill of materials is included that describes the parts used on this demonstration board. A schematic and layout have also been included along with measured performance characteristics.

## Key Features

- Line injection circuitry enables PFC values greater than 0.99
- Adjustable LED current and switching frequency
- Flicker free operation

## Applications

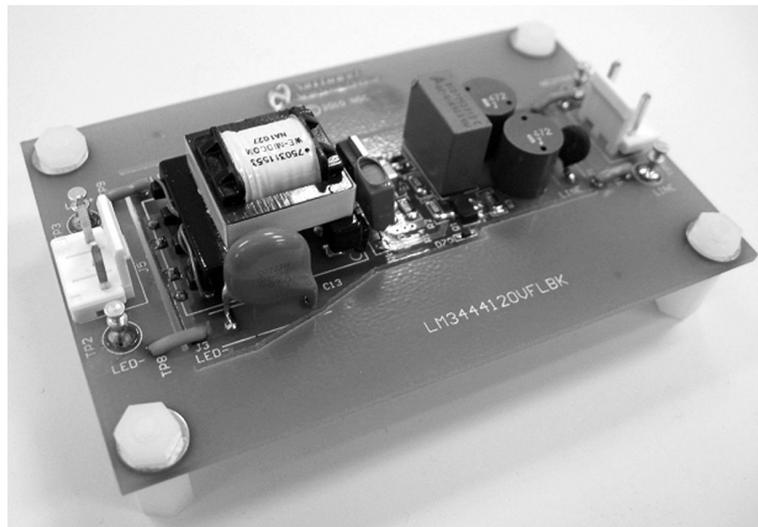
- Solid State Lighting
- Industrial and Commercial Lighting
- Residential Lighting

## Performance Specifications

Based on an LED  $V_f = 3.57V$

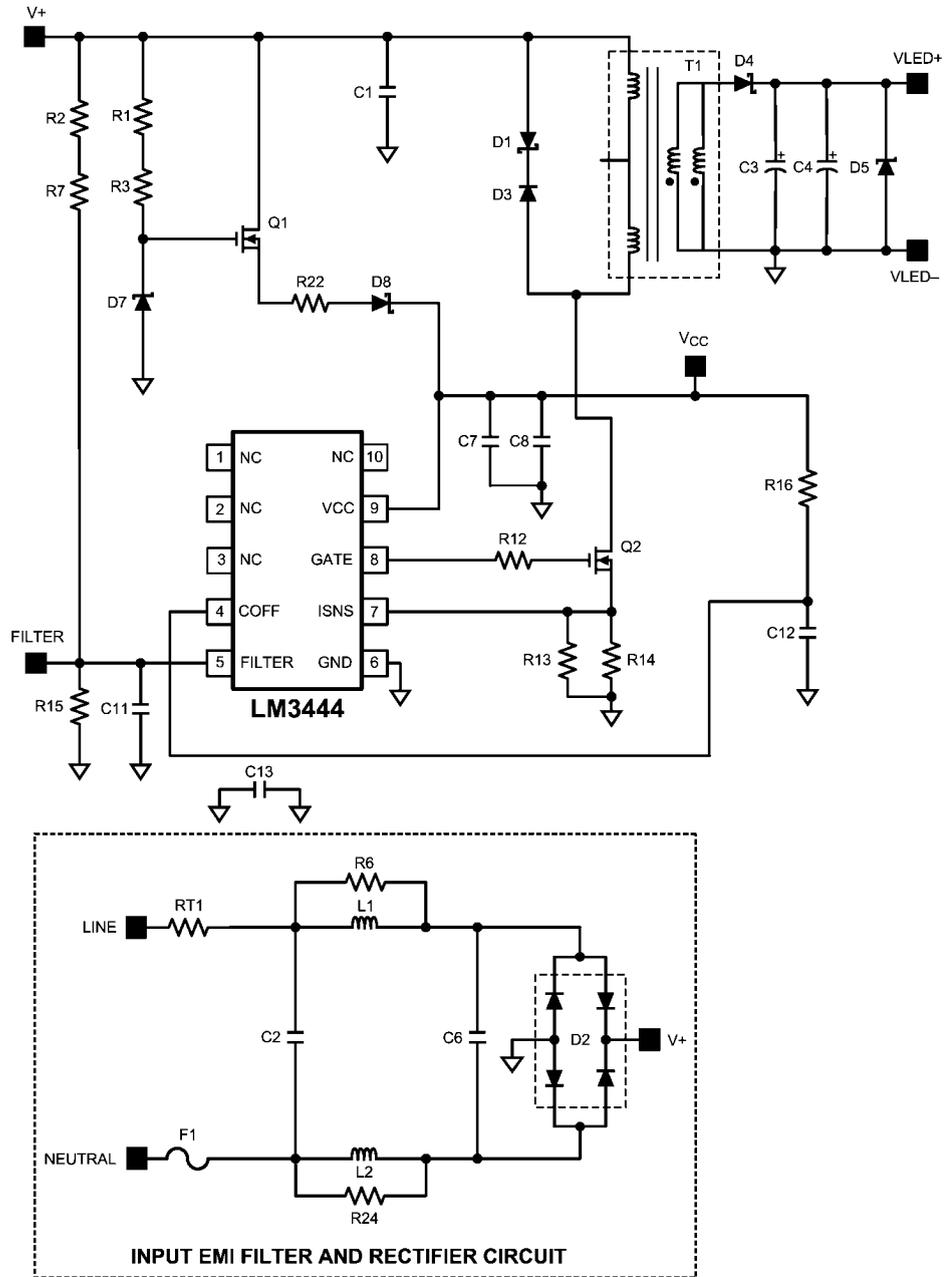
| Symbol    | Parameter                  | Min                 | Typ                  | Max                  |
|-----------|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| $V_{IN}$  | Input voltage              | 90 V <sub>RMS</sub> | 120 V <sub>RMS</sub> | 135 V <sub>RMS</sub> |
| $V_{OUT}$ | LED string voltage         | 12 V                | 21.4 V               | 30 V                 |
| $I_{LED}$ | LED string average current | -                   | 350 mA               | -                    |
| $P_{OUT}$ | Output power               | -                   | 7.6 W                | -                    |
| $f_{sw}$  | Switching frequency        | -                   | 79 kHz               | -                    |

## Demo Board



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# LM3444 120VAC, 8W Isolated Flyback LED Driver Demo Board Schematic



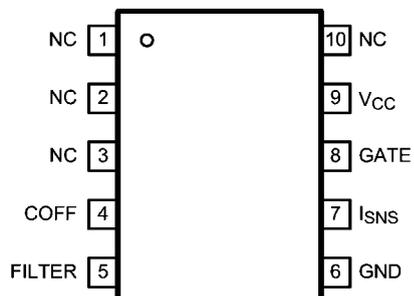
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**Warning:** The LM3444 evaluation board has exposed high voltage components that present a shock hazard. Caution must be taken when handling the evaluation board. Avoid touching the evaluation board and removing any cables while the evaluation board is operating. Isolating the evaluation board rather than the oscilloscope is highly recommended.

**Warning:** The ground connection on the evaluation board is NOT referenced to earth ground. If an oscilloscope ground lead is connected to the evaluation board ground test point for analysis and AC power is applied, the fuse (F1) will fail open. The oscilloscope should be powered via an isolation transformer before an oscilloscope ground lead is connected to the evaluation board.

**Warning:** The LM3444 evaluation board should not be powered with an open load. For proper operation, ensure that the desired number of LEDs are connected at the output before applying power to the evaluation board.

## LM3444 Device Pin-Out



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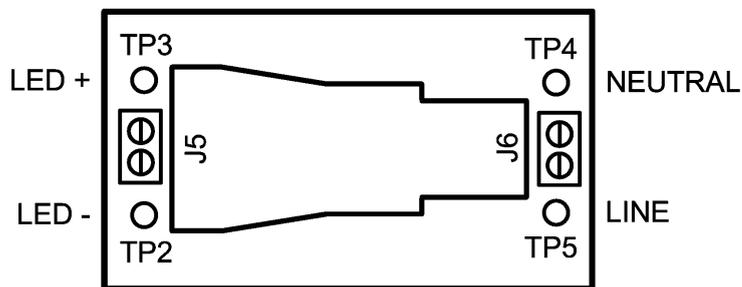
### Pin Description 10 Pin MSOP

| Pin # | Name            | Description  |
|-------|-----------------|--|
| 1     | NC              | No internal connection.  |
| 2     | NC              | No internal connection.  |
| 3     | NC              | No internal connection.  |
| 4     | COFF            | OFF time setting pin. A user set current and capacitor connected from the output to this pin sets the constant OFF time of the switching controller. |
| 5     | FILTER          | Filter input. A capacitor tied to this pin filters the error amplifier. Could also be used as an analog dimming input.                               |
| 6     | GND             | Circuit ground connection.   |
| 7     | ISNS            | LED current sense pin. Connect a resistor from main switching MOSFET source, ISNS to GND to set the maximum LED current.                             |
| 8     | GATE            | Power MOSFET driver pin. This output provides the gate drive for the power switching MOSFET of the buck controller.                                  |
| 9     | V <sub>CC</sub> | Input voltage pin. This pin provides the power for the internal control circuitry and gate driver.   |
| 10    | NC              | No internal connection.  |

## Bill of Materials

| Designator                     | Description                              | Manufacturer                     | Part Number          |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| AA1                            | Printed Circuit Board                    | -                                | 551600530-001A       |
| C1                             | CAP .047UF 630V METAL POLYPRO            | EPCOS Inc                        | B32559C6473K000      |
| C2                             | CAP 10000PF X7R 250VAC X2 2220           | Murata Electronics North America | GA355DR7GB103KY02L   |
| C3, C4                         | CAP 330UF 35V ELECT PW                   | Nichicon                         | UPW1V331MPD6         |
| C6                             | CAP .10UF 305VAC EMI SUPPRESSION         | EPCOS                            | B32921C3104M         |
| C7                             | CAP, CERM, 0.1µF, 16V, +/-10%, X7R, 0805 | Kemet                            | C0805C104K4RACTU     |
| C8                             | CAP CER 47UF 16V X5R 1210                | MuRata                           | GRM32ER61C476ME15L   |
| C11                            | CAP CER 2200PF 50V 10% X7R 0603          | MuRata                           | GRM188R71H222KA01D   |
| C12                            | CAP CER 330PF 50V 5% C0G 0603            | MuRata                           | GRM1885C1H331JA01D   |
| C13                            | CAP CER 2200PF 250VAC X1Y1 RAD           | TDK Corporation                  | CD12-E2GA222MYNS     |
| D1                             | DIODE TVS 150V 600W UNI 5% SMB           | Littlefuse                       | SMAJ120A             |
| D2                             | RECT BRIDGE GP 600V 0.5A MINIDIP         | Diodes Inc.                      | RH06-T               |
| D3                             | DIODE RECT GP 1A 1000V MINI-SMA          | Comchip Technology               | CGRM4007-G           |
| D4                             | DIODE SCHOTTKY 100V 1A SMA               | ST Microelectronics              | STPS1H100A           |
| D5                             | DIODE ZENER 30V 1.5W SMA                 | ON Semiconductor                 | 1SMA5936BT3G         |
| D7                             | DIODE ZENER 12V 200MW                    | Fairchild Semiconductor          | MM5Z12V              |
| D8                             | DIODE SWITCH 200V 200MW                  | Diode Inc                        | BAV20WS-7-F          |
| F1                             | FUSE BRICK 1A 125V FAST 6125FA           | Cooper/Bussmann                  | 6125FA               |
| J1, J2, J3, J4, TP8, TP9, TP10 | 16 GA WIRE HOLE, 18 GA WIRE HOLE         | 3M                               | 923345-02-C          |
| J5, J6                         | CONN HEADER .312 VERT 2POS TIN           | Tyco Electronics                 | 1-1318301-2          |
| L1, L2                         | INDUCTOR 4700UH .13A RADIAL              | TDK Corporation                  | TSL0808RA-472JR13-PF |
| Q1                             | MOSFET N-CH 600V 90MA SOT-89             | Infineon Technologies            | BSS225 L6327         |
| Q2                             | MOSFET N-CH 600V 1.8A TO-251             | Infineon Technology              | SPU02N60S5           |
| R1, R3                         | RES 200K OHM 1/4W 5% 1206 SMD            | Vishay-Dale                      | CRCW1206200KJNEA     |
| R2, R7                         | RES, 309k ohm, 1%, 0.25W, 1206           | Vishay-Dale                      | CRCW1206309KFKEA     |
| R6, R24                        | RES, 10.5k ohm, 1%, 0.125W, 0805         | Vishay-Dale                      | CRCW080510K5FKEA     |
| R12                            | RES 4.7 OHM 1/10W 5% 0603 SMD            | Vishay-Dale                      | CRCW06034R70JNEA     |
| R13                            | RES 10 OHM 1/8W 5% 0805 SMD              | Vishay-Dale                      | CRCW080510R0JNEA     |
| R14                            | RES 1.50 OHM 1/4W 1% 1206 SMD            | Vishay-Dale                      | CRCW12061R50FNEA     |
| R15                            | RES 3.48K OHM 1/10W 1% 0603 SMD          | Vishay-Dale                      | CRCW06033K48FKEA     |
| R16                            | RES 191K OHM 1/10W 1% 0603 SMD           | Vishay-Dale                      | CRCW0603191KFKEA     |
| R22                            | RES 40.2 OHM 1/8W 1% 0805 SMD            | Vishay-Dale                      | CRCW080540R2FKEA     |
| RT1                            | CURRENT LIMITOR INRUSH 60OHM 20%         | Cantherm                         | MF72-060D5           |
| T1                             | Transformer                              | Würth Electronics                | 750311553 Rev. 01    |
| TP2-TP5                        | Terminal, Turret, TH, Double             | Keystone Electronics             | 1502-2               |
| TP7                            | TEST POINT ICT                           | -                                | -                    |
| U1                             | Offline LED Driver, PowerWise            | National Semiconductor           | LM3444MM             |

## Demo Board Wiring Overview

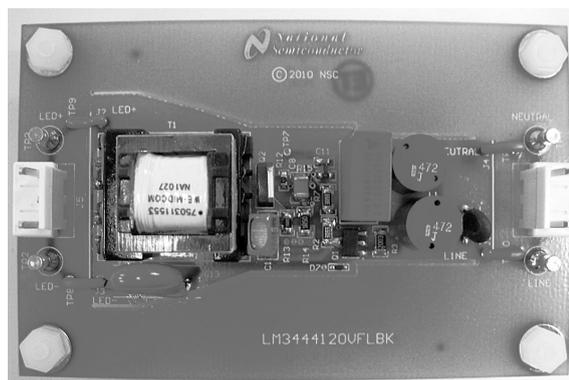


Wiring Connection Diagram

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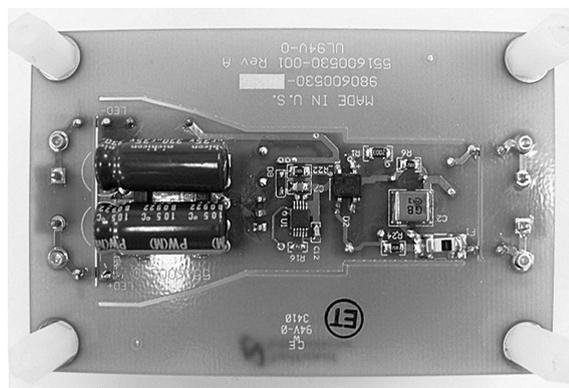
| Test Point | Name    | I/O    | Description   |
|------------|---------|--------|---|
| TP3        | LED +   | Output | <b>LED Constant Current Supply</b><br>Supplies voltage and constant-current to anode of LED string. |
| TP2        | LED -   | Output | <b>LED Return Connection (not GND)</b><br>Connects to cathode of LED string. Do NOT connect to GND. |
| TP5        | LINE    | Input  | <b>AC Line Voltage</b><br>Connects directly to AC line of a 120VAC system.                          |
| TP4        | NEUTRAL | Input  | <b>AC Neutral</b><br>Connects directly to AC neutral of a 120VAC system.                            |

## Demo Board Assembly



Top View

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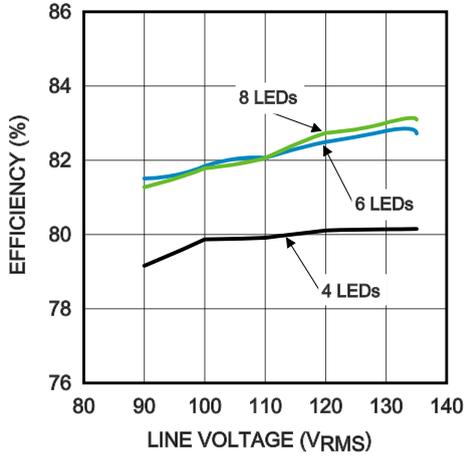


Bottom View

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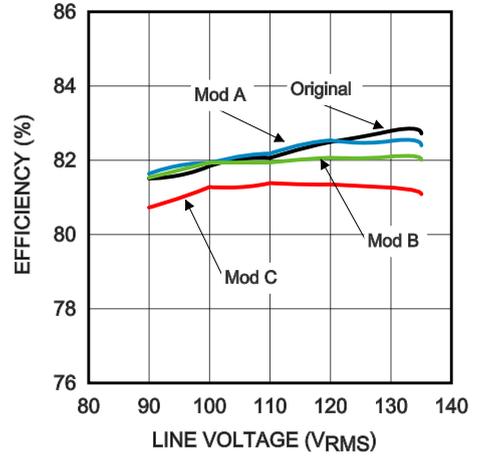
# Typical Performance Characteristics (Note 1)

**Efficiency vs. Line Voltage  
Original Circuit**



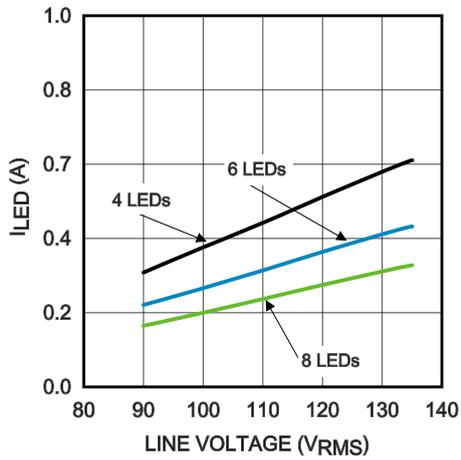
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**Efficiency vs. Line Voltage  
Modified Circuits**



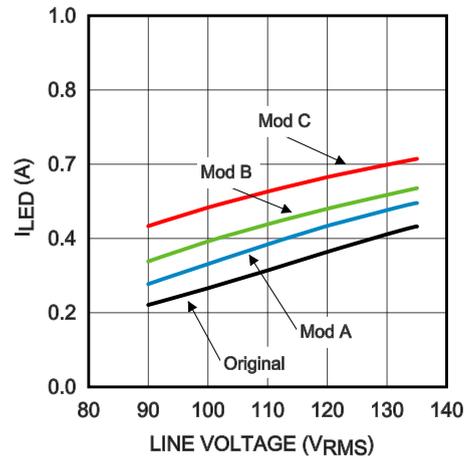
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**LED Current vs. Line Voltage  
Original Circuit**



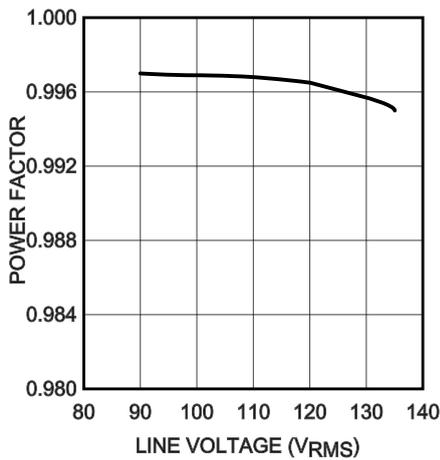
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**LED Current vs. Line Voltage  
Modified Circuits**



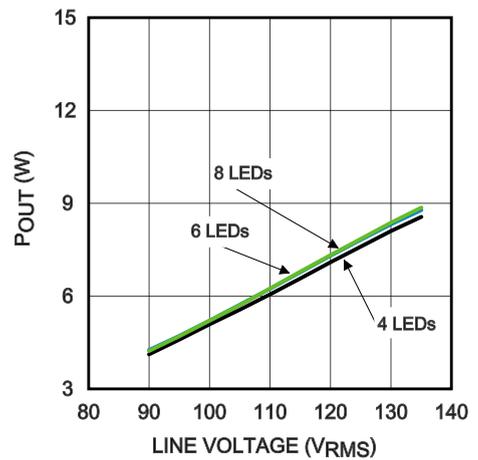
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**Power Factor vs. Line Voltage  
Original Circuit**



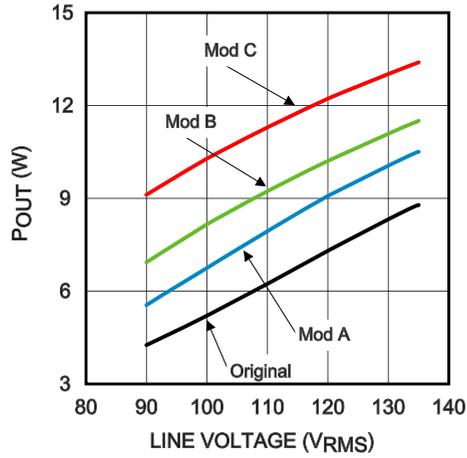
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**Output Power vs. Line Voltage  
Original Circuit**



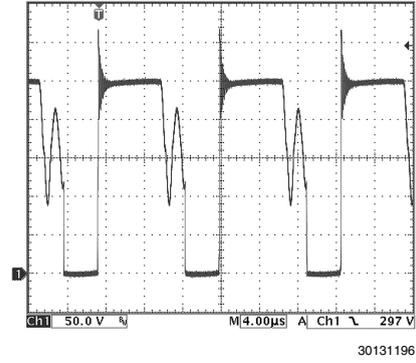
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**Output Power vs. Line Voltage  
Modified Circuits**



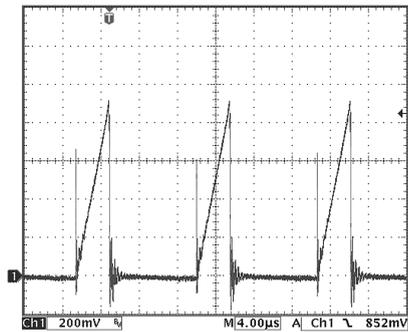
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**Power MOSFET Drain Voltage Waveform  
( $V_{IN} = 120V_{RMS}$ , 6 LEDs,  $I_{LED} = 350mA$ )**



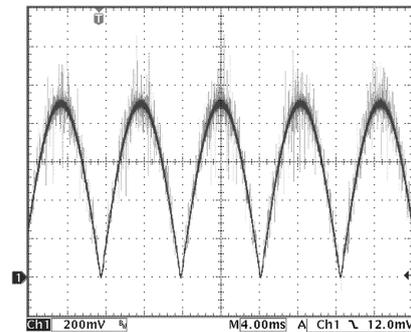
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**Current Sense Waveform  
( $V_{IN} = 120V_{RMS}$ , 6 LEDs,  $I_{LED} = 350mA$ )**



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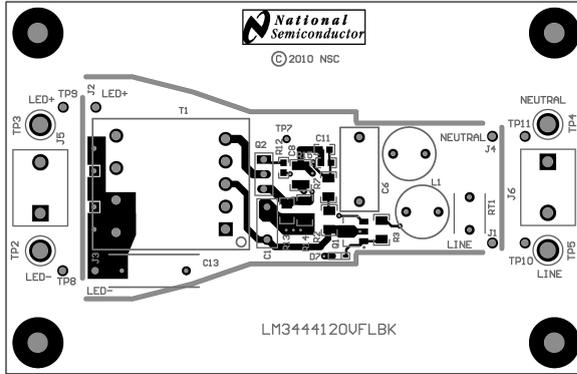
**FILTER Waveform  
( $V_{IN} = 120V_{RMS}$ , 6 LEDs,  $I_{LED} = 350mA$ )**



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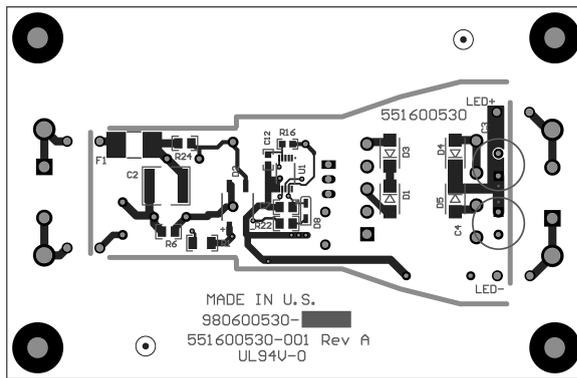
**Note 1:** Original Circuit:  $R14 = 1.50\Omega$ ; Modification A:  $R14 = 1.21\Omega$ ; Modification B:  $R14 = 1.00\Omega$ ; Modification C:  $R14 = 0.75\Omega$

# PCB Layout



Top Layer

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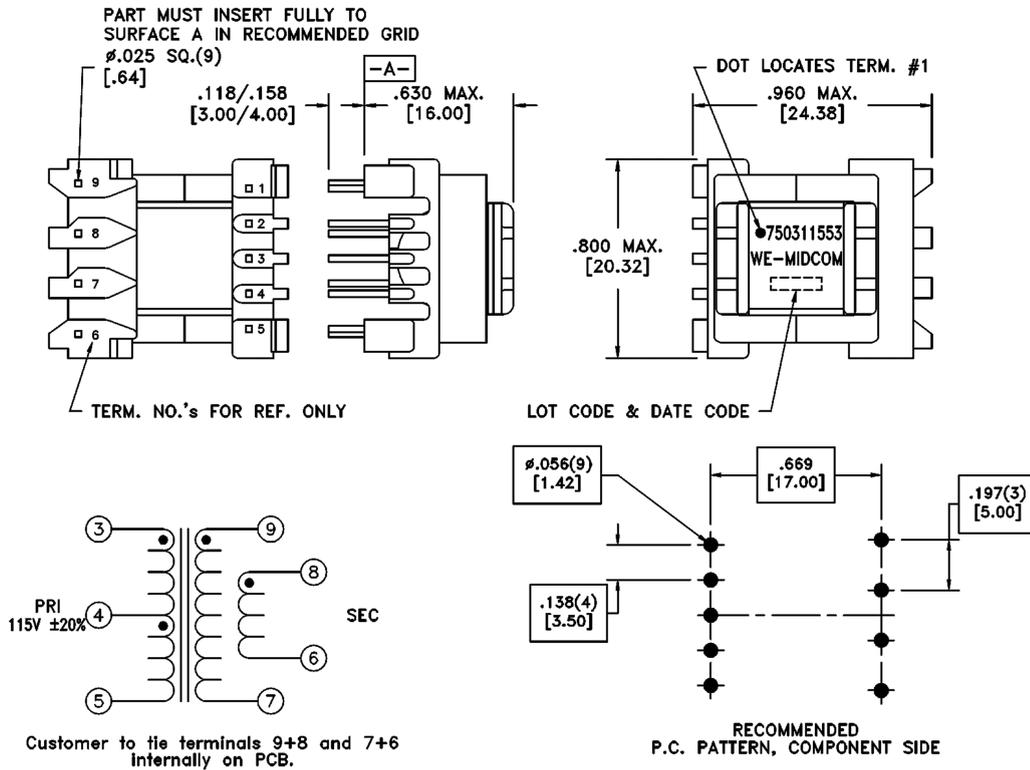


Bottom Layer

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# Transformer Design

Mfg: Würth Electronics, Part #: 750311553 Rev. 01



## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS @ 25°C unless otherwise noted:

| PARAMETER          | TEST CONDITIONS                   | VALUE                   |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| D.C. RESISTANCE    | 3-5 @20°C                         | 1.35 ohms max.          |
| D.C. RESISTANCE    | 8-6 @20°C                         | 0.284 ohms max.         |
| D.C. RESISTANCE    | 9-7 @20°C                         | 0.284 ohms max.         |
| INDUCTANCE         | 3-5 100kHz, 100mVAC, Ls           | 803.5uH ±10%            |
| INDUCTANCE         | 9-7 100kHz, 100mVAC, Ls           | 50.2uH ±10%             |
| INDUCTANCE         | 8-6 100kHz, 100mVAC, Ls           | 50.2uH ±10%             |
| LEAKAGE INDUCTANCE | tie(9+8+7+6), 100kHz, 100mVAC, Ls | 5.50uH typ., 7.0uH max. |
| DIELECTRIC         | tie(9+8), 4500VAC, 1 second       | 4500VAC, 1 minute       |
| URNS RATIO         | (3-5):(9-7)                       | 4:1, ±2%                |
| URNS RATIO         | (3-5):(8-6)                       | 4:1, ±2%                |

## GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS:

OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE: -40°C to +125°C including temp rise.

Designed to comply with the following requirements as defined by IEC61558-2-17:  
 - Reinforced insulation for a primary circuit at a working voltage of 400VDC.

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## Experimental Results

The LED driver is designed to accurately emulate an incandescent light bulb and therefore behave as an emulated resistor. The resistor value is determined based on the LED string configuration and the desired output power. The circuit then operates in open-loop, with a fixed duty cycle based on a constant on-time and constant off-time that is set by selecting appropriate circuit components.

### Performance

In steady state, the LED string voltage is measured to be 21.38 V and the average LED current is measured as 357 mA.

The 120 Hz current ripple flowing through the LED string was measured to be 170 mA<sub>pk-pk</sub> at full load. The magnitude of the ripple is a function of the value of energy storage capacitors connected across the output port. The ripple current can be reduced by increasing the value of energy storage capacitor or by increasing the LED string voltage.

The LED driver switching frequency is measured to be close to the specified 79 kHz. The circuit operates with a constant duty cycle of 0.28 and consumes 9.25 W of input power. The driver steady state performance for an LED string consisting of 6 series LEDs is summarized in the following table.

Measured Efficiency and Line Regulation (6 LEDs)

| V <sub>IN</sub> (V <sub>RMS</sub> ) | I <sub>IN</sub> (mA <sub>RMS</sub> ) | P <sub>IN</sub> (W) | V <sub>OUT</sub> (V) | I <sub>LED</sub> (mA) | P <sub>OUT</sub> (W) | Efficiency (%) | Power Factor |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------|
| 90                                  | 60                                   | 5.37                | 20.25                | 216                   | 4.38                 | 81.6           | 0.9970       |
| 95                                  | 63                                   | 5.95                | 20.47                | 238                   | 4.87                 | 81.8           | 0.9969       |
| 100                                 | 66                                   | 6.57                | 20.67                | 260                   | 5.38                 | 81.9           | 0.9969       |
| 105                                 | 69                                   | 7.23                | 20.86                | 285                   | 5.94                 | 82.1           | 0.9969       |
| 110                                 | 72                                   | 7.89                | 21.05                | 309                   | 6.50                 | 82.3           | 0.9968       |
| 115                                 | 75                                   | 8.59                | 21.23                | 334                   | 7.09                 | 82.5           | 0.9967       |
| 120                                 | 77                                   | 9.25                | 21.38                | 357                   | 7.65                 | 82.7           | 0.9965       |
| 125                                 | 80                                   | 9.94                | 21.53                | 382                   | 8.23                 | 82.8           | 0.9961       |
| 130                                 | 82                                   | 10.62               | 21.68                | 406                   | 8.80                 | 82.9           | 0.9957       |
| 135                                 | 84                                   | 11.26               | 21.80                | 428                   | 9.34                 | 83.0           | 0.9950       |

LED Current, Output Power versus Number of LEDs for Various Circuit Modifications (V<sub>IN</sub> = 120 V<sub>AC</sub>)

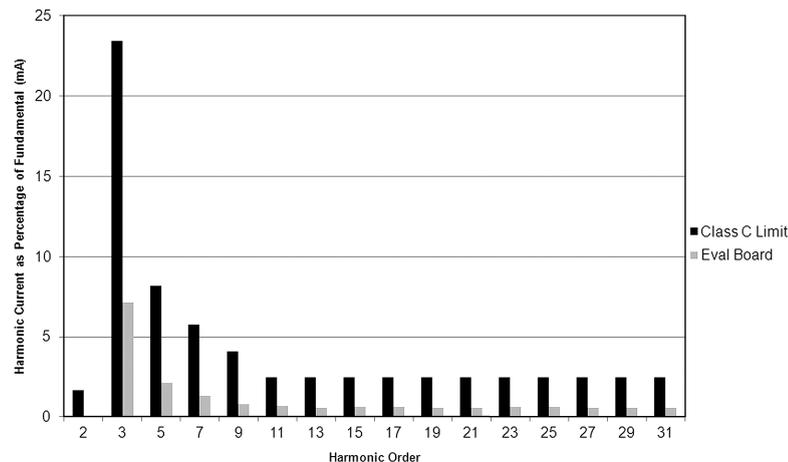
| # of LEDs | Original Circuit (Note 2) |                      | Modification A (Note 2) |                      | Modification B (Note 2) |                      | Modification C (Note 2) |                      |
|-----------|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
|           | I <sub>LED</sub> (mA)     | P <sub>OUT</sub> (W) | I <sub>LED</sub> (mA)   | P <sub>OUT</sub> (W) | I <sub>LED</sub> (mA)   | P <sub>OUT</sub> (W) | I <sub>LED</sub> (mA)   | P <sub>OUT</sub> (W) |
| 4         | 508                       | 7.57                 | 624                     | 9.55                 | 710                     | 11.05                | 835                     | 13.24                |
| 6         | 357                       | 7.65                 | 440                     | 9.58                 | 500                     | 11.02                | 590                     | 13.35                |
| 8         | 277                       | 7.69                 | 337                     | 9.59                 | 382                     | 11.00                | 445                     | 13.00                |

Note 2: Original Circuit: R14 = 1.50Ω; Modification A: R14 = 1.21Ω; Modification B: R14 = 1.00Ω; Modification C: R14 = 0.75Ω

### Power Factor Performance

The LED driver is able to achieve close to unity power factor (P.F. ~ 0.99) which meets Energy Star requirements. This

design also exhibits low current harmonics as a percentage of the fundamental current (as shown in the following figure) and therefore meets the requirements of the IEC 61000-3-2 Class-3 standard.

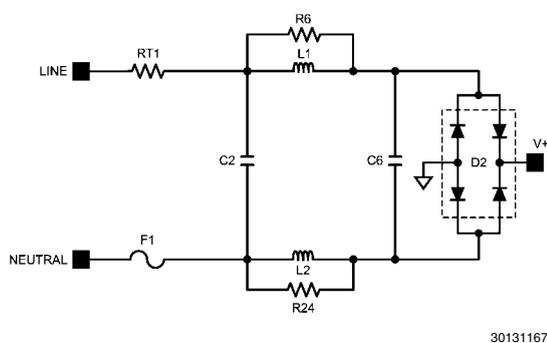


Current Harmonic Performance vs. EN/IEC61000-3-2 Class C Limits

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## Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)

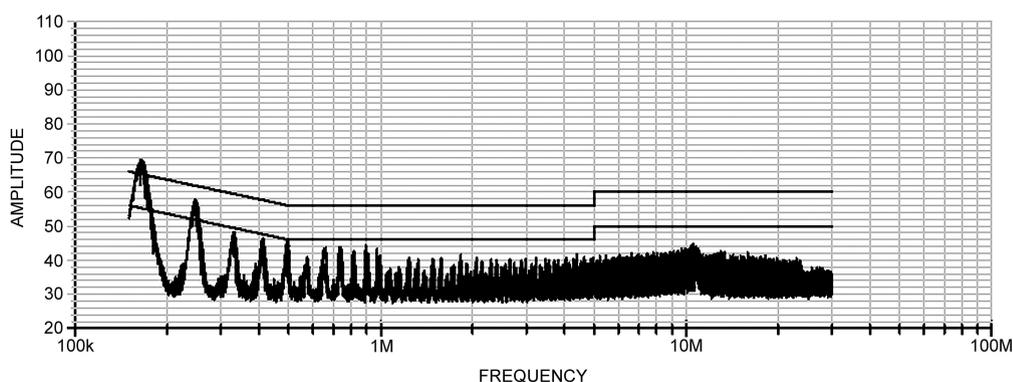
The EMI input filter of this evaluation board is configured as shown in the following circuit diagram.



**FIGURE 1. Input EMI Filter and Rectifier Circuit**

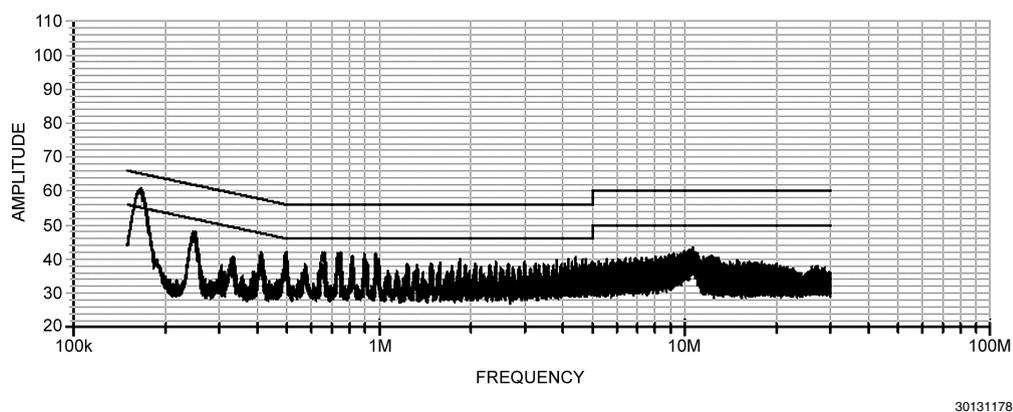
In order to get a quick estimate of the EMI filter performance, only the PEAK conductive EMI scan was measured and the

data was compared to the Class B conducted EMI limits published in FCC – 47, section 15.



**FIGURE 2. Peak Conductive EMI scan per CISPR-22, Class B Limits**

If an additional 33nF of input capacitance (i.e. C6) is utilized in the input filter, the EMI conductive performance is further improved as shown in the following figure.



**FIGURE 3. Peak Conductive EMI scan with additional 33nF of input capacitance**

## Thermal Analysis

The board temperature was measured using an IR camera (HIS-3000, Wahl) while running under the following conditions:

$$V_{IN} = 120 V_{RMS}$$

$$I_{LED} = 350 \text{ mA}$$

$$\# \text{ of LEDs} = 6$$

$$P_{OUT} = 7.3 \text{ W}$$

The results are shown in the following figures.

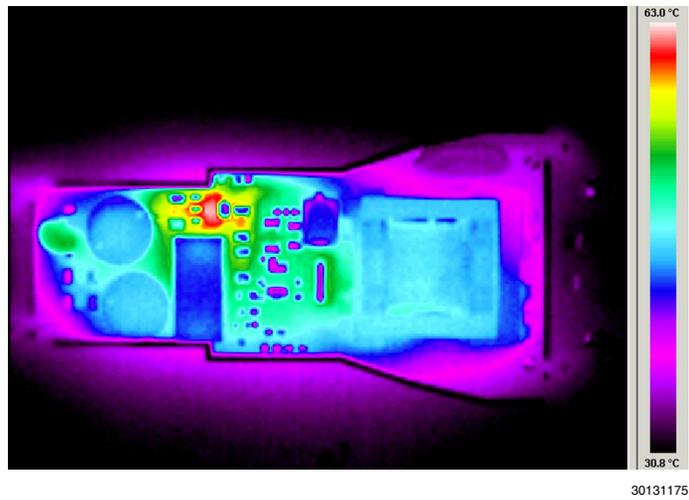


FIGURE 4. Top Side Thermal Scan

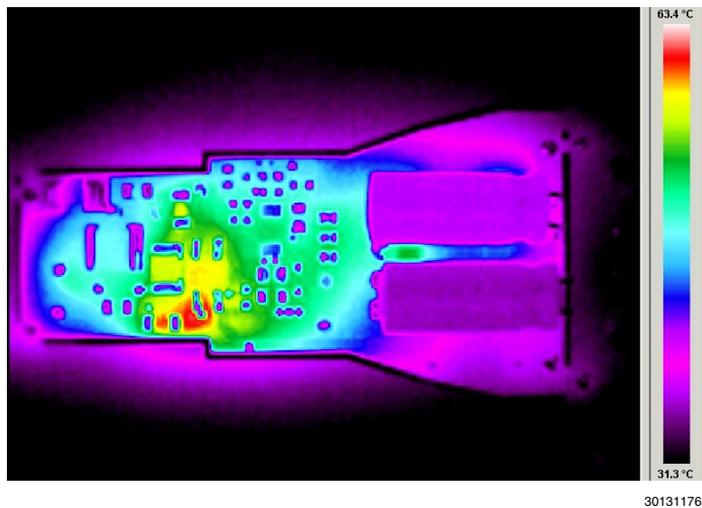


FIGURE 5. Bottom Side Thermal Scan

## Circuit Analysis and Explanations

### Injecting line voltage into FILTER (achieving PFC > 0.99)

If a small portion (750mV to 1.00V) of line voltage is injected at FILTER of the LM3444, the circuit is essentially turned into a constant power flyback as shown in Figure 6.

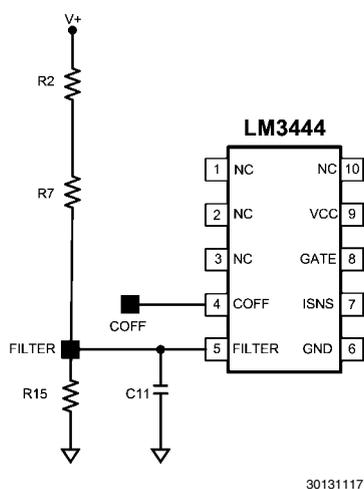


FIGURE 6. Line Voltage Injection Circuit

The LM3444 works as a constant off-time controller normally, but by injecting the 1.0V rectified AC voltage into the FILTER pin, the on-time can be made to be constant. With a DCM Flyback,  $\Delta i$  needs to increase as the input voltage line increases. Therefore a constant on-time (since inductor L is constant) can be obtained.

By using the line voltage injection technique, the FILTER pin has the voltage wave shape shown in Figure 7 on it. Voltage at  $V_{\text{FILTER}}$  peak should be kept below 1.25V. At 1.25V current limit is tripped. C11 is small enough not to distort the AC signal but adds a little filtering.

Although the on-time is probably never truly constant, it can be observed in Figure 8 how (by adding the rectified voltage) the on-time is adjusted.

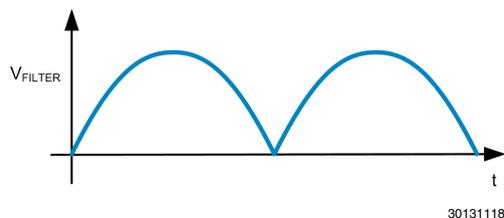


FIGURE 7. FILTER Waveform

For this evaluation board, the following resistor values are used:

$$R2 = R7 = 309k\Omega$$

$$R15 = 3.48k\Omega$$

Therefore the voltages observed on the FILTER pin will be as follows for listed input voltages:

$$\text{For } V_{\text{IN}} = 90V_{\text{RMS}}, V_{\text{FILTER}} = 0.71V$$

$$\text{For } V_{\text{IN}} = 120V_{\text{RMS}}, V_{\text{FILTER}} = 0.95V$$

$$\text{For } V_{\text{IN}} = 135V_{\text{RMS}}, V_{\text{FILTER}} = 1.07V$$

Using this technique, a power factor greater than 0.99 can be achieved without additional passive active power factor control (PFC) circuitry.

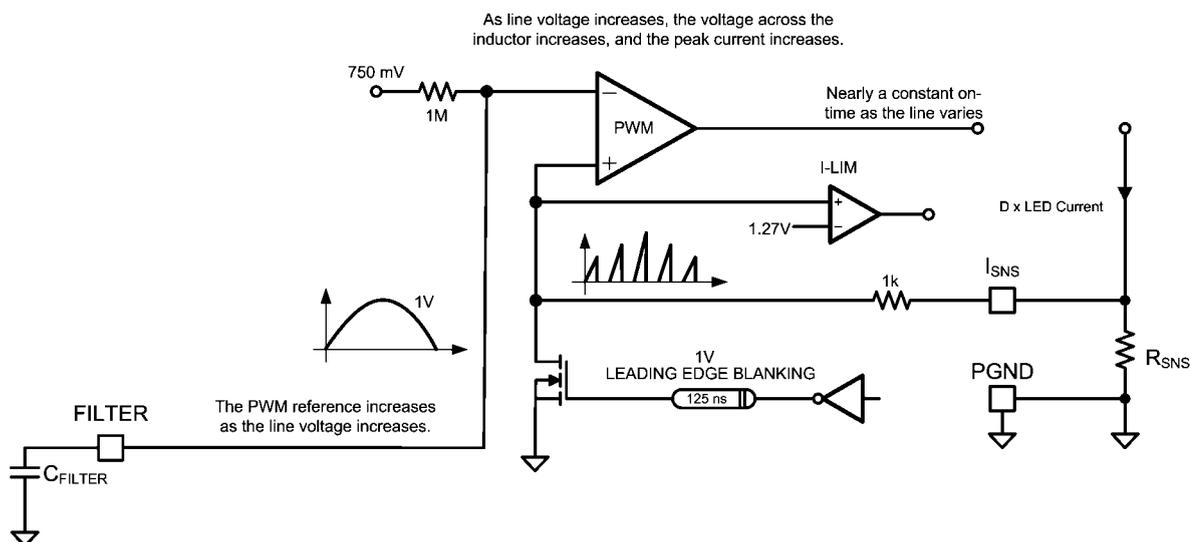


FIGURE 8. Typical Operation of FILTER Pin

## Notes

For more National Semiconductor product information and proven design tools, visit the following Web sites at:  
[www.national.com](http://www.national.com)

| Products                       |  | Design Support               |  |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
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| Audio                          | <a href="http://www.national.com/audio">www.national.com/audio</a>           | App Notes                    | <a href="http://www.national.com/appnotes">www.national.com/appnotes</a>           |
| Clock and Timing               | <a href="http://www.national.com/timing">www.national.com/timing</a>         | Reference Designs            | <a href="http://www.national.com/refdesigns">www.national.com/refdesigns</a>       |
| Data Converters                | <a href="http://www.national.com/adc">www.national.com/adc</a>               | Samples                      | <a href="http://www.national.com/samples">www.national.com/samples</a>             |
| Interface                      | <a href="http://www.national.com/interface">www.national.com/interface</a>   | Eval Boards                  | <a href="http://www.national.com/evalboards">www.national.com/evalboards</a>       |
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| Power Management               | <a href="http://www.national.com/power">www.national.com/power</a>           | Green Compliance             | <a href="http://www.national.com/quality/green">www.national.com/quality/green</a> |
| Switching Regulators           | <a href="http://www.national.com/switchers">www.national.com/switchers</a>   | Distributors                 | <a href="http://www.national.com/contacts">www.national.com/contacts</a>           |
| LDOs                           | <a href="http://www.national.com/ldo">www.national.com/ldo</a>               | Quality and Reliability      | <a href="http://www.national.com/quality">www.national.com/quality</a>             |
| LED Lighting                   | <a href="http://www.national.com/led">www.national.com/led</a>               | Feedback/Support             | <a href="http://www.national.com/feedback">www.national.com/feedback</a>           |
| Voltage References             | <a href="http://www.national.com/vref">www.national.com/vref</a>             | Design Made Easy             | <a href="http://www.national.com/easy">www.national.com/easy</a>                   |
| PowerWise® Solutions           | <a href="http://www.national.com/powerwise">www.national.com/powerwise</a>   | Applications & Markets       | <a href="http://www.national.com/solutions">www.national.com/solutions</a>         |
| Serial Digital Interface (SDI) | <a href="http://www.national.com/sdi">www.national.com/sdi</a>               | Mil/Aero                     | <a href="http://www.national.com/milaero">www.national.com/milaero</a>             |
| Temperature Sensors            | <a href="http://www.national.com/tempensors">www.national.com/tempensors</a> | SolarMagic™                  | <a href="http://www.national.com/solarmagic">www.national.com/solarmagic</a>       |
| PLL/VCO                        | <a href="http://www.national.com/wireless">www.national.com/wireless</a>     | PowerWise® Design University | <a href="http://www.national.com/training">www.national.com/training</a>           |

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